

Yukon Immunization Program Manual

Section 8 - Biological Products

Moderna Spikevax® XBB.1.5







SECTION 8 – BIOLOGICAL PRODUCTS

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Moderna Spikevax (R/ XBB. L.5	



					March 2024	
COVID-19 mRNA	Vaccine (Spik	evax ® XBB.1.	5)			
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Panorama Alternate	COVID-19 mRN	A SPIKEVAX XBE	3.1.5	Panorama	490	
ID:	(Moderna) 2.5m	L multi-dose 10 vi	ials per	Catalogue Number		
	box		·	(level 5)		
Manufacturer	Moderna			Biological	mRNA vaccine	
				Classification		
Indications	COVID-19 immunization for individuals ages 6 months and older.					
Schedule:	Individuals ages 6 months – 4 years of age (inclusive):					
	 Previously vaccinated with 2 or more doses of an authorized COVID-19 vaccine 				thorized COVID-19 vaccine:	
Fall 2023	1 dose given as 0.25mL (25mcg) IM at least 6 months after last dose of COVID-19					
Recommendations	vaccine. (minimum interval 5 months).					
		-			COVID-19 vaccine: 1 dose	
		·	ncg) IM at	least 8 weeks after the	e last dose of COVID-19	
	vaco					
		-		-	ID-19 vaccine: 2 doses given	
	as 0	.25mL (25mcg) IN	18 weeks	apart.		
	Individuals ages 5 – 11 years of age (inclusive): 1 dose given as 0.25mL (25mcg) IM at least 6					
				· -	· =:	
	months after last dose of COVID-19 vaccine, regardless of previous COVID-19 vaccination history. (minimum interval 5 months).					
	Individuals 12 years of age and older (inclusive): 1 dose given as 0.5mL (50mcg) IM at least 6					
	months after last dose of COVID-19 vaccine, regardless of previous COVID-19 vaccination					
	history. (minimum interval 5 months).					
	Individuals ages 6 months and older who are moderately to severely immunocompromise					
Individuals who are moderately to severely immunosuppressed (see COVID-19 vac						
	eligibility) should have a total of at least 3 doses of an authorized COVID-19 vaccine with at					
	least one of three doses being the COVID-19 XBB 1.5 formulation per age-appropriate dosing					
	recommendation	commendations above. Refer to intervals in table below.				
	Recommendations for Moderately to Severely Immunosuppressed Clients					
	Previous	Number of		nmended Interval	Minimum Interval	
	COVID-19	Dose(s) of	В	etween Doses	(For optimal response, the	
	Vaccination	COVID-19			recommended interval	
	History	XBB.1.5			should be observed	
		Vaccine			whenever possible)	
	3 or more	1 dose	6 mor	iths after last dose	8 weeks after last dose	
	doses	1 0026	0 11101	idis aitei iast dose	o weeks after last dose	
	2 doses	1 dose		eks after last dose		
	1 dose	2 doses		s after last dose and	28 days after last dose	
				etween doses	20 days after last dose	
	0 doses	3 doses	8 wee	ks between doses		





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COVID-19 mRNA Vaccine (Spikevax ® XBB.1.5)

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Booster Doses:

Spring 2024 Recommendations

Starting in the spring of 2024, the following individuals who are at increased risk of severe illness from COVID-19 may receive an additional dose of XBB.1.5 COVID-19 vaccine:

- Adults 65 years of age and older
- Adult residents of long term care homes and other congregate living settings for seniors
- Individuals 6 months of age and older who are moderately to severely immunocompromised (see COVID-19 vaccine eligibility) due to underlying medical conditions or treatments

If a high risk individual identified above has not received the dose(s) that they were eligible for in the fall of 2023, they should do so as soon as possible according to the fall 2023 schedule and reevaluate their COVID-19 vaccine eligibility in the fall of 2024.

All other non-high risk individuals that have not recieved the dose(s) that they were eligible for in fall of 2023 should do so as soon as possible and reevaluate their COVID-19 vaccine eligibility in the fall of 2024. Non-high risk individuals that have recieved their fall 2023 dose(s) are not recommended to recieve another booster dose in the spring of 2024, but may proceed with a booster after an informed discussion on the risks and benefits of vaccination provided that it has been 6 months since their last dose (minimum interval 5 months).

Interval Between Previous COVID-19 Infection and COVID-19 Immunization

- Yukon Immunization Program permits individuals to make informed decisions to receive vaccine post-infection irrespective of the intervals below, however, all individuals must maintain minimum intervals between vaccine doses.
- All individuals who are recommended to receive a dose of COVID-19 vaccine and who
 experienced SARS CoV-2 infection may receive a dose 6 months after COVID-19
 infection symptom onset.
- Residents of long term care homes and other congregate living settings for seniors that are
 not eligible for the spring 2024 COVID-19 vaccine campaign due to COVID-19 infection
 within the past 6 months may defer their next COVID-19 immunization to the fall of 2024
 to ensure immunological protection against severe outcomes during anticipated peak
 infection periods. However, individuals or their substitute decision makers may choose to be
 immunized sooner with informed consent provided that minimum intervals between
 vaccine doses are respected.

Contraindications

- Individuals 5 months of age and younger.
- History of anaphylactic reaction to a previous dose of the vaccine or to any component of the vaccine.



	March 2024
COVID-19 mRNA	Vaccine (Spikevax ® XBB.1.5)
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Precautions and Special Considerations	 Do not inject the vaccine intravascularly, subcutaneously or intradermally. For individuals with suspected hypersensitivity or non-anaphylactic allergy to COVID-19 vaccine components, consultation with an allergist is advised. If there is a specific concern about a possible allergy to a component of the COVID-19 vaccine being administered, an extended period of observation post-vaccination of 30 minutes may be warranted; alternately, the vaccine can be administered in an emergency room setting, also with a prolonged observation period. There is insufficient evidence on the receipt of both a COVID-19 vaccine and any monoclonal antibodies or convalescent plasma for treatment or prevention of COVID-19. Therefore, timing of administration and potential interference between these two products are currently unknown and expert clinical opinion should be sought on a case-by-case basis.
	 Future doses of mRNA COVID-19 vaccine should be deferred in those who experienced a physician-diagnosed myocarditis or pericarditis event following the first dose with no other cause identified, until further information about the risk of recurrence is available. Deferral is not required for those with a prior history of myocarditis or pericarditis that is unrelated to COVID-19 mRNA vaccines. Additional dose(s) for travel: Receiving an additional dose for travel purposes is not considered clinically necessary. It is up to the traveler to know the COVID-19 vaccine requirements for their destination and travelers should otherwise follow routine intervals for COVID-19 vaccination Individuals diagnosed with Multisystem Inflammatory Syndrome in Children (MIS-C) or Adults (MIS-A) should delay COVID-19 vaccination until they have recovered from illness and for 90 days after the date of diagnosis of MIS-C or MIS-A.
Myocarditis and Pericarditis	 Research determines the risk myocarditis (inflammation of the heart muscle) and/or pericarditis (inflammation of the lining around the heart) after COVID-19 mRNA vaccines is very low in the general population. In adolescent or young adults (ages 12 to 29), especially males, although the risk remains low, it is higher than other age groups. Research estimates the risk of myocarditis or pericarditis approaches 1 episode in every 10,000 doses of vaccines for adolescent/young adult males. Cases following mRNA COVID-19 vaccination are consistently reported to have occurred more often after the second dose, usually within a week after vaccination.





March 2024 COVID-19 mRNA Vaccine (Spikevax ® XBB.1.5) Royal blue cap; Coral blue label border Myocarditis and Evidence from bivalent and original mRNA COVID-19 vaccines across different age **Pericarditis** groups show that the risk of myocarditis is lower following boosters compared to dose (continued) 2 of the primary series, and that no product-specific difference in the risk of myocarditis has been identified following a booster dose at this time. However, while these observations were also seen in adolescents 12 to 17 years of age, the use of Moderna Spikevax COVID-19 vaccines have been limited in those 5 to 17 years of age. Yukon Immunization Program monitors research and recommendations from the National Advisory Committee on Immunizations. In doses and schedules currently recommended, there isn't clear evidence showing one COVID-19 mRNA vaccine product (i.e. Moderna Spikevax or Pfizer BioNTech Comirnaty) is more effective or has a different risk of adverse effects. For the spring 2024 COVID-19 Immunization update, Yukon Immunization Program does not provide preferential recommendations for Spikevax or Comirnaty mRNA vaccines in any specific age group or patient population. Clients or their health care providers may prefer a specific COVID-19 mRNA vaccine product. Yukon Immunization Program and immunizers will make every effort to accommodate preferences, but there may be constraints in supply and distribution that limit availability of specific brands. All adults, including those 12-29 years of age, can receive a dose of COVID-19 vaccine with any available mRNA COVID-19 vaccine for which they are currently eligible during the spring 2024 vaccine campaign. Available post-market vaccine safety data from V-safe, Vaccine Safety Datalink (VSD) and Vaccine Adverse Event Reporting System (VAERS) in the US as of September 2022 show that the Moderna Spikevax (25 mcg) and Pfizer-BioNTech Comirnaty (3 mcg) mRNA COVID-19 vaccines are well tolerated among children aged 6 months to 5 years. No safety signals (including myocarditis) have been identified after administration of about 1.5 million vaccine doses. When counselling about risks and benefits of mRNA COVID-19 vaccines, health care providers should review the risk of severe outcomes from natural COVID-19 infection including Multisystem Inflammatory Syndrome, and myocarditis and pericarditis. Research estimates the risk of these conditions is higher with more severe outcomes after natural infection. **Pregnancy and** Vaccination against COVID-19 is recommended for individuals who are pregnant, Lactation breastfeeding, immunocompromised, or have an autoimmune condition. If clients have questions, have an informed discussion with them. Further information is available in the SOGC Statement on COVID-19 Vaccination in Pregnancy.



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COVID-19 mRNA	Vaccine (Spikevax ® XBB.1.5)
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Interchangeability and Preferred Products	 Current evidence shows that interchanging mRNA COVID-19 vaccine products is safe and effective for subsequent doses. A COVID-19 immunization series may be started with or completed with any available and authorized COVID-19 vaccine, including BA.4/BA.5 or XBB.1.5 formulations. Regardless of which product is offered to start a primary series, the previous dose should be counted, and the series does not need to be restarted. XBB.1.5 formulations are the preferred products for fall 2023 COVID-19 boosters in all eligible age groups, however, BA.4/BA.5 formulations may be used permissively if XBB.1.5 formulations are not available while quantities last. Refer to the appropriate product pages for the client's age.
Reconstitution and Dilution	Do not reconstitute or dilute Spikevax XBB.1.5.
Administration	 Use aseptic technique for preparation and administration. The vial contains 2.5mL of vaccine (5 doses of 0.5mL or 10 doses of 0.25mL). This vial can be used in anyone ages 6 months and older using the age-appropriate dose. Swirl the vial gently after thawing and between each withdrawal. Do not shake. Administer IM only. The preferred injection site for children under one year of age is the vastus lateralis. The preferred injection site for individuals one year of age and older with adequate muscle mass is the deltoid. Using aseptic technique, cleanse the vial stopper with a single-use antiseptic swab. Withdraw each dose of vaccine from the vial using a new sterile needle and syringe (preferentially a low dead-volume syringe and/or needle) for each injection. Pierce the stopper preferably at a different site each time.
Concurrent Administration with Other Vaccines	Spikevax XBB.1.5 may be administered at the same time, or anytime before or after another inactivated or live vaccine.
Serological Testing	Serological testing is not recommended before or after immunization.
Vaccine Components	 Potential allergens: PEG2000-DMG (1,2-dimyristoyl-rac-glycerol,methoxy-polyethyleneglycol) Other components: acetic acid, cholesterol, DSPC (1,2-distearoyl-sn-glycero-3-phosphocholine), lipid SM-102, sodium acetate trihydrate, sucrose, trometamol, trometamol hydrochloride, water for injection.



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COVID-19 mRNA	Vaccine (Spikevax ® XBB.1.5)
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Appearance	 The 0.10 mg/mL multi-dose vial is supplied with a royal blue flip-off plastic cap and has a vial label with the strength printed in coral blue. Spikevax XBB.1.5 is a white to off-white dispersion. It may contain white or translucent product-related particulates. Visually inspect Spikevax XBB.1.5 vials for foreign particulate matter and/or discoloration prior to administration. If either of these conditions exists, the vaccine should not be administered.
Blood/ Blood Products	Spikevax XBB.1.5 does not contain any blood or blood products.
Bovine/ Porcine Products	Spikevax XBB.1.5 does not contain any bovine or porcine products.
Latex	Spikevax XBB.1.5 does not contain latex.
Expected Reactions	 Local: pain, swelling, redness, axillary swelling/ tenderness Systemic: fatigue, myalgia, headache, arthralgia, chills, nausea/vomiting, fever, irritability/ crying (infants/ children), loss of appetite (infants/ children)
Storage and Handling	 Storage prior to use (unpunctured vials): -50°C to -15°C up to the end of its expiry date, kept in the original packaging and protected from light. Do not store on dry ice. +2°C to +8°C for up to 30 days prior to first use, protected from light Room temperature (up to +25°C) for up to 24 hours (punctured or unpunctured). Do not re-freeze vials after thawing. Thawing: Thaw for 2 hours at 2° to 8°C and let stand for an additional 15 minutes at room temperature (15° to 25°C) prior to administration, OR Thaw for 45 minutes at room temperature (15° to 25°C) During use (punctured vials): After first vial puncture, the vaccine must be used within 24 hours. Swirl the vial gently between each withdrawal. Do not shake. The vaccine can be pre-loaded into a syringe for up to 24 hours. Thawed vials and filled
	 syringes can be handled in room light conditions. Ensure that the vial/syringe is clearly labelled with the date and time of first vial entry. Do not re-freeze vials after thawing.





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PROGRAM NOTES

- Spikevax XBB.1.5 introduced into Yukon Immunization Program September 2023.
- Interval between COVID-19 infection and vaccination updated for long term care residents October 2023.
- Spring 2024 booster recommendations added March 2024.
- Interval between COVID-19 infection and vaccination updated for long term care residents March 2024.

RELATED RESOURCES

• Yukon Immunize Website

REFERENCES

- 1. Product Monograph
- 2. Canadian Immunization Guide
- 3. NACI